



As for interrogatories, plaintiffs assert Judge Schneider did indeed issue a blanket prohibition against them in this MDL. Moreover, plaintiffs argue the absence of interrogatories from Judge Schneider's rulings in 2019 until now can only confirm the parties' expectations of allowable discovery.

As for Ds interrogatories and document production requests, plaintiffs assert these should have been served in February when the parties, the Special Master, and this Court engaged in considerable back and forth to amend the MDL Discovery Schedule. They argue the case management process itself has also rooted the parties' discovery expectations, which are exemplified by the parties' hammering out plaintiffs' document production requests propounded in December 2019 for several months in early 2020. This process received regular court oversight and forged the parties' expectations for the execution of document requests.

Plaintiffs also argue the surprise springing of defendants' document production requests was done during the last throes of document production in this MDL, is unjustified, done without notice or a meet and confer process, and therefore prejudices them.

The Court has reviewed *de novo* Magistrate Judge Schneider's statements in two transcripts of hearings held in mid-2019. It is telling that both parties assert the following: that Magistrate Judge Schneider's emphasized that interrogatories were NOT the mechanism for collecting information--fact sheets were—and that he would consider granting a request for interrogatories, only for good cause shown.

The Court has also reviewed the context of this MDL in its entirety to find that document production requests this close to the end of discovery emerge as an unthought-out afterthought. The Court has considered the parties' and the Special Master's efforts to hammer out and amend discovery schedules, not once, but twice, earlier this year as well as the parties' active engagement throughout this year to work through the scheduling of depositions, expert reports and other key discovery. The Court finds the defendants could have raised their discovery requests earlier when the parties were conferring actively.

The Court **DENIES the Motion and LEAVES SMO 23 INTACT IN ITS ENTIRETY.**

Dated: 9 August 2021

s/Robert B. Kugler  
ROBERT B. KUGLER  
United States District Judge